COLUMBIA GRAFONOLAS AND RECORDS BLUNDELL'S

Provincial Librarian 1 1 17

REDCLIFF REVIEW

INSIST ON GETTING PATTERSON'S BREAD From Your Grocer OR PHONE 43

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

Volume 7 REDCLIFF, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1917. Number 9.

COUNCIL HAS QUIET SESSION LAST MONDAY

Committee Completes Deal For Putchase of Cemetery-Councillor Lavelle Makes A Good Suggestion.

The regular meeting of the town council was held last Monday evening. Mayor Bott occupied the chair and the following were present: Councillors McLean, Lyddiatt, Broughton, Howard and Lavelle.

The committee appointed to complete arrangements for the purchase of a cemetary site from the Brick & Coal Company reported that they made an offer to the company of $4,300 for seventeen and two-third acres.

On motion of Councillors Howard and Broughton the action of the committee was approved and the town solicitor was instructed to prepare the necessary by-law covering same.

Councillor Howard reported that he had investigated the claim of Mr. Devitt put in at last meeting for pumping water out of his sellar. Mr. Devitt claimed that a leak in the water main had filled his sellar and he thought the town should stand the expense of having it removed. Mr. Howard said he had learned from the town engineer that when the leak was first discovered the water was turned off before any damage was done, and that it was at the request of Mr. Devitt it was turned on again. The secretary was instructed to write Mr. Devitt stating that under the circumstances the town did not feel called to pay the bill presented at last council meeting.

Mr. Pollard yaited on the council on behalf of the ratepayers in Lockwood and asked that the low spot near the railway crossing be filled in as, during wet weather, it was next to impossible for children from that district to get to school. On motion of Councillors Howard and McLean the engineer was instructed to have this attended to at once.

Some accounts were read and ordered to be paid.

Privates C. Walker and E. Worts wrote the council thanking them for their kind remembrances at Chrissmas.

A letter was read from the head office of the Salvation Army thanking the council for their donation.

A letter was read from Engineer Moses at the pumping station asking for an increase in salary for himself and assistant. The letter was referred to the water committee.

Councillors McLean and Broughton brought the matter of a louder siren for fire purposes to the attention of the council. The mayor promised to take the matter up with the gas company officials and see what could be done.

Councilior Lavelle asked how many acres of land the town held for industrial sites. When informed there were approximately fifty acres he asked if it would be possible to make some arrangement whereby this land could be given to any one who would wish to use it for garden purposes. After some discussion the matter was referred to the public works committee.

There being no further business introduced the council adjourned.

To Appoint Military Hospital Commission

Sir Edward Kemp, minister of militia, in a statement given out Tuesday makes an important announcement that in future the Canadian Army Medical Corps will take charge of the work of the military hospitals commission. The statement also contains the announcement that it is intended to create a new office, to be known as he director of medical services of invalids.

"The task of providing of accommodation and a treatment for returned invalided services is one of the problems which has had most thoughtful consideration by the military hospitals commission. The work has naturally been of a voluntary character, growing apace with increasing responsibilities; and, like nearly every question connected with the war, there has been but little, if any, precedent upon which to base necessary action."

Juvenile Hockey Game Played Here

The juvenile hockey team from Medicine Hat drove over here last evening and played a friendly game with the local lads. Both teams put up a good argument and although the visitors got the long end of a six one score they had to play for every one of them. The home boys played a good snappy game in spots but they experienced some hard luck locating the nets.

Arrangements have been made to play a return game in Medicine Hat tomorrow night.

The teams lined up as follows:

Medicine Hat.		Redcliff.
Henderson	Goal	Horn
Westwood	Point	R. Stoner
Bates	Cover	Harbert
Eimeer	Rover	Hollinger
Davey	Center	Clair
Fleming	L. W.	D Stoner
Muir	R. W.	Banford

W. Westwood acted as referee and S. Fairbairn as judge of play to the entire satisfaction of all.

Farm Loan Bill Gets First Reading

"Alberta farm loan bonds" will be the title given to the bonds that it is intended to issue under the projected bill being brought forward by the provincial government and which received its first reading Tuesday. So far the bill in its finished stage os not availabe, as the government did not anticipate such a sudden cessation of victory on the debate, but the resolution introducing the measure outlines its scope. In Hon. Duncan Marshall's speech before the Edmonton board of trade the announcement was made that the limit to the sum to be loaned any one farmer was to be $3,000, it being considered essential to aid the small land owner and farmer in preference to the big man, but otherwise the bill follows much the same lines as presented by Provincial Treasurer Mitchell at the U. F. A. convention.

Thirty years may be taken by the borrower to pay off the loan, or any such term as he may resire.

Liberals Win Out In New Brunswick

The general provincial election in New Brunswick took place last Saturday and resulted in the defeat of the Conservative government which had been in power for a number of years.

There are forty-eight seats in this legislature and every constituency was contested by boh parties. The result of the election was the return of twenty-seven Liberals and twenty-one Conservatives. This gives a good workig majority of six for the new government.

In the last legislature the Conservative government was supported by forty-six members with only two of a opposition.

The result of last Saturday's election is a complete landslide and was a big surprise to both parties.

There are many reasons given for the turn-over but the one which appears to be the most feasable is the Dominion government's actions in connection with the administration of the Intercolonial railway.

Berlin Expects War With United States

The prominence which Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg gave in his address to the rejchstag recently in discussion of relations with the United States is regarded in Berlin as indicating his purpose to prepare the German public for the eventuality which is looked forward to in many quarters.

There was much confusion of opinions and prophecies on this point on account of the continued absence of authenticated news from Washington as well as the reports which are being received in regard to the state of public opinion in America. The German press continues to serve up fragmentary but sensational bulletins indicating feverish war preparations in the United States.

"At this hour it may be said that a declaration of war from Washington would find the German mind quite prepared for it. Less of a ripple would be caused in Berlin that was occasioned by Roumania's entrance into the war and a final break with the United States would be likely to meet with stoical indifference so far as the public at large is concerned.

Sub Menace Means Making Big Sacrifices

That Great Britain is faced with a serious situation, due to a shortage in tonnage, was the admission made in the house of commons by David Lloyd George, the British prime minister. It was a situation which called for the most stringent measures by the government, and in order to meet it the importation of all non-essentials was to be prohibited.

On the ability of the government to solve the tonnage shortage which was now affecing the ordinary needs of the nation and military exigencies, said the premier, depended the success of the Entente allied cause.

"If we take drastic measures," the premier continued, "we can cope with the submarine menace; but if the nation is not prepared to accept measures for dealing with the menace, disaster is before us."

In the long list of articles prohibited importation are coffee, cocoa, tea, raw fruits (except lemons and oranges) hides, leather, boots and shoes. A speeding-up in agriculture and shipbuilding is embraced in the premier's scheme, and a lessening in the output of beer is also provided for in order to save for food the cereals used in brewing. The brewers during the present year will be permitted to make only 10,000,000 barrels as against 26,000,000 barrels in 1916 and 36,000,000 in 1914. A corresponding restriction is also to be placed upon spirits.

There is alarm in some quarters over the new order of things, it being generally recognized that ordinary trade will be seriously affected.

Empire Farm Idea Still Being Pushed

It would appear that the movement to develop a gigantic empire farm in western Canada for the purpose of helping to pay off the empire's war debt is still being seriously considered.

In discussing the proposition with Canadian representatives now in England Alfred Bigland, M. P. for Birkenhead, said:

"The development of millions of acres of new wheat lands climatically well situated and relatively accessible from Hudson's bay will be a magnificent achievement. We should firstly reduce the load of the war debt by creating an enshanced value in such land by preliminary development and preferential treatment, then by disposing of the land on a gradual payment system or otherwise.

"Canada would benefit by the added population and commerce and the Empire would be made more nearly self-supporting, in wheat and the British manufacturers would find new markets."

Bigland added that the practical success of the Empire farm proposal was all dependent, however, on the duty on wheat from countries outside the Empire and the allies. Such a duty would create an immediate increase in the cash value of the fertile soil within the Empire. Empire land now worth a dollar per acre would become worth a hundred dollars when provided with subsidized cheap transit railways and guarantees that all it produced would find a better market than similar foreign produce. These advantages would attract the necessary workers and the Dominion which facilitated this transfer of its land to the Empire development board would reap a harvest which all new countries covet, namely, a settled and well-to-do body of citizens constituting man power and a widening taxable area.

Of the 1,800,000 Armenians who were in the Ottoman empire two years ago, 1,200,000 have been massacred or deported by the Turkish authorities, according to a cablegram from Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, the British secretary of state for foreign affairs, to the American committee for Armenian and Syrian relief.

* * *

The strike in the Krupp factories in Essen is constantly extending, according to Holland papers. Forty thousand workers are now on strike due to the lack of food; and disturbances have occurred at Aix la Chappelle from the same cause. The police asked for the intervention of troops who it is said, refused to aid.

Celebrate Their Silver Anniversary

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Wedderburn celebrated the twenty fifth anniversary of their wedding at their home west of town last Friday. Several neighbors from the surrounding district visited them in the evening and fittingly observed the anniversary occasion.

Mr. and Mrs. Wedderburn were married in Trinity Methodist chapel, Kimberly, South Africa, on Feb. 23rd, 1892. In 1907 they came to Canada and the following year took up a homestead west of here where they have resided ever since. They have three children, Mrs. John Beattie, of Eagle Butte; Iris at home, and Lorimer who left Canada with the 175th battalion. He is now in France with the 31st.

The Review joins with their many friends in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Wedderburn many years more of happy married life.

Presbytery Meets In Medicine Hat

The Presbytery met on Tuesday and had a good attendance of members, Rev. W. T. Gold, inspector under the Liquor Act, related some of the methods and difficulties of its enforcement. The following resolutions were adopted: 1. That having heard Rev. W. F. Gold, inspector of the administration of the liquor Act, the Presbytery desires to express its thanks for his instructive address. 2. It pledges its united support and co-operation in the efficient administration and enforcement of the Liquor Act. 3. The Presbytery again affirms its confidence in the principle of prohibition as he the best means of the total suppression of the liquor traffic. 4. The Presbytery requests the Dominion government to pass Dominion-wide prohibition of intoxicating liquors as a war measure, and to take a plebiscite of the people after the termination of the war. 5. Or, as an alternative to the plan mentioned, that the provinces be empowered to pass legislation prohibiting the importation of intoxicating liquors. 6. That copies of these resolutions be forwarded to the press, to the deputy attorney-general of Alberta, and to Sir R. L. Borden, premier of the Dominion. The demission by Rev. J. O. Watts of Westminster church, was accepted and Presbytery recorded its appreciation of his work, especially as convener on home missions, expressed its pleasure at his brave service in the army, and wished him all success in his future spheres of labor.

F. Morrow submitted a good report on Sabbath schools and offered a prize, which was accepted, to be competed for in all the Sabbath schools of the bounds. Mr. E. Scruton, of Hillhurst, advocated the co-operative system of school work and the standard efficiency tests.

The discussion of the report on social service brought out the fact that no tacit permission was given for Sabbath harvesting operations last year by the attorney-general, and that cases of desecration of the Lord's Day shall be treated on their own individual merits; report them to the attorney-general and his office will do the rest. The Presbytery strongly protested against Sabbath concerts and harvesting on the Lord's Day; and resolved that it is expedient that poolrooms be thoroughly amended or ended. Gratitude was expressed to God for the large proportion in our congregations who are faithful to religious obligations and are improving their social and moral surroundings.

Presbytery allotted over four thousand dollars for home mission work and asked for a number of workers, including one who can speak Finnish. Much other business was transacted of less general interest.

Must Sign the National Service Cards

The signing of National Service cards is now compulsory in Canada, according to the Gazette correspondent at Ottawa. "As announced some time ago as likely to be done, action has been taken under the War Measures Act to render registration compulsory instead of purely voluntary as hitherto," the correspondent telegraphs. The time limit for the signing of cards has been extended to March 31st, however.

I.O.O.F. To Give Dance For The Red Cross

The members of the Odd Fellows lodge have made arrangements for holding a big dance in Reid's hall on Friday evening, March 9th. It is their intention to spare no pains or trouble to make this one of the best of the season.

The lodge has secured the permission of the Red Cross society to give this dance in aid of the society. The members will stand the whole expense for the evening's entertainment so that every dollar taken in will be handed over to the Red Cross.

The differene committees have been appointed and are already at work. Secure your tickets early and help to make this the event of the season.

Will Farm Night and Day In England

"We want 2,000 American tractor plows for the use of a civilian army of night ploughers which are about to enlist throughout the British Isles," said Sir Arthur Lee, director general of food production, to the Associated Press. This new department, which is the growth of Germany's submarine aims at the enlistment of several hundred thousand civilians to cultivate every available bit of soil.

"We hope to make the tractor ploughs fill the gaps caused by the shortage in labor," continued Sir Arthur. "For this reason we are going to import 2,000, or as many as we can, from America. We are going to equip them with headlights for night plowing. Laborers can only work eight hours, but tractors can work 24 hours. They will be driven by taxicab drivers and chauffeurs. We will be able to learn their mechanism in a few hours.

"Behind every plough will be a skilled farmer. They will be assisted by prisoners, conscientious objectors, members of the home defense forces and women. In this way we hope to produce enough food to make us independent of outside help as long as the war lasts. We do not believe we will be able to produce sufficient to feed the people in time of peace, but are confident we will be able to grow enough to stave off starvation during the war.

For this we thank the German submarine. They already have given England an agricultural policy which is destined to make us to a large extent self-supporting. The submarine also has revived rural life, given the farmers a minimum wage and generally made our national defense more effective than a thousand speeches in parliament."

British Have Turks In Full Retreat

In Mesopotamia the British have captured from the Turks the entire line from Sannayat to Kut-el-Amara. At the latter place the Turks have been forced to evacuate the position they captured from the British nearly a years ago, and are now being driven back, harassed by British cavalry. Large captures in men and war stores were made by the British.

In admitting a retreat from Kut-el-Amara, a Turkish official communication says the movement was prearranged and was carried out unnoticed by the British.

The Turks on the Tigris river front are in full retreat toward Baghdiah, 24 miles to the west of Kut-el-Amara, the official statement issued by the British war office. The fleeing Turks are being engaged by the pursuing British cavalry.

Railway Commission To Investigate Rates

The railway commission is notifying boards of trade and other organizations representing merchants and shippers generally of its intention of holding some time after March 31st, meetings in Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Edmonton, Calgary and Vancouver to consider rules and conditions of carriage as shown in the proposed freight classification.

These meetings will be among the most important ever held by the board of railway commissioners, involving as they do a re-arrangement of the present conditions of carriage as set down in the Canadan freight classification. It is expected that protests will be made by every board of trade and shipping organization.

BRICK PLANTS EXPECTING A BUSY SEASON

Brick & Coal Now in Operation And Pressed Brick Will Start Next Week--Outlook Promising

That building activities are improving throughout the west is evidenced by the number of enquirics for material coming in to the different brick plants here during the past month.

Two of these plants, the Pressed Brick and the Brick & Coal, have already disposed of their surplus stock and are now making arrangements for opening up on a large scale as soon as weather permits and the staff can be secured.

The Brick & Coal plant has had the brick department in operation for the past few weeks employing from 25 to 30 men. This plant has been filling large orders from the west and from the States and the prospects are good for a still busier spring and summer.

The Pressed Brick plant is also receiving a number of orders principally from western points, and the management is now making preparations for opening up just as soon as possible. They will require a staff of about 25 men to open up with and they expect to start operations next week. If conditions keep improving as they are at present it will be necessary to increase the staff from time to time, as orders are now coming almost daily.

On the whole the outlook is very promising for a busy season in both these plants.

Military Hospital Lantern Slides

An Ontario minister the other day borrowed from the military hospitals commission a set of lantern slides. These slides show what goes on at the hospitals and sanatoria. That is, they show something of how our injured soldiers are being restored to health and to power for self-support. However serious their injuries may be. The minister exhibited the slides at three country churches under his charge. In returning the set he writes:

"My recording steward, who is also the postmaster and chairman of the local recruiting league, says they should be shown in every community. They meet the unrest in many families who have feared that the maimed who return will be forced to sell lead pencils or such like.

"What I should have done was to ask for them for a longer period and put them on in every available church in this district. A man with a well prepared lecture and a few local slides could render a valuable service to the country, both in allaying the unrest above referred to and in removing the prejudice in some families from which recruits might be secured."

Alberta Becoming A Seed Province

The Alberta potato is beginning to get into good society. Last year this province produced 5,000,000 bushels of potatoes and 1,500,000 bushels were exported to the east and to the United States where they brought good prices ad established a good reputation.

This welcome information has been brought to the attention of the legislature in the annual report of the superintendent of seeds and grain of the department of agriculture.

Another important industry which has been developed in the last two years is the production of timothy seed for export. Last year 75 carloads of timothy seed were exported, bringing in a revenue to the farmers of $175,000. The straw is used as fodder, so the crop is double. Usually the Dominion has imported about 250 cars of seed, costing about $600,000. In two or three years Alberta will be able to supply the entire demand. The Alberta seed is of extra good quality.

Thirty-two seed fairs were held last year and 2,500 bulletins were circulated by the department, giving names, addresses and price list of seed of prize winners at these fairs.

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ONE STEP NEARER.

In view of conditions as they exist at present in the United States the last move of President Wilson to appear before congress and ask for authority to place the United States in a state of "armed neutrality" to resist the German submarine menace, may be taken to mean one step nearer a declaration of war against Germany.

As matters now stand the breaking off of relations between the United States and Germany is a vast help to Germany in the prosecution of the war and the president is not slow in realizing this. Although devoutly expressing the hope that it would not become necessary to put armed forced into action, the president sees the effect is that of an embargo. That it ties up United States shipping and endangers American lives as completely as though the contry were at war and surrounded by a beligerent navy. The sinking of the Laconia proves this and is looked upon by the president as an overt act not necessitating any further investigating. He no doubt sees that this condition is but aiding in the isolation of Great Britain and helps to bring about the objects for which Germany brought on the blockade, viz. to starve out Great Britain. He also doubtless sees that its effect is to deny to the United States commerce that freedom of the seas for which he has been advocating.

United States papers look upon this as an overt act in itself and they are all behind the president in his desire to secure authority to cope with the situation.

CO-OPERATION.

It is said the department of education will supply school books and school supplies to all schools desiring the same and that the school boards will deal direct with the manufacturers, thus cutting out the middleman's profit.

This is a step in the right direction all right but the department might go a step farther and try to come to some agreement with the other provinces of the Dominion whereby a standard set of books for all the provinces could be adopted

As it is now each provincial department has a set of books all its own. This means a great hardship on the family which finds it necessary to move from one province to another and very frequently it means the taking out of school of the older members of that family, as the parents cannot afford to buy a new set of books all round.

Provincial governments have co-operated in order to simplify matters in other departments. Why not in education, the most important.

THE WRONG TREE.

Delegations are now waiting on the Dominion government asking that they be allowed to manufacture oleomargarine to take the place of butter and thus lower the cost of living.

Some time ago the government prohibited the sale or manufacture of this stuff in Canada on the ground that at best it was not good enough for general use and that it paved the way for greedy manufacturers to unload an impure, unwholesome food on the market. If this was the case at that time it is the case still and the government should turn a deaf ear to such requests.

In an agricultral country such as this is, and with the real butter season now almost at hand such a proposition is not only absurd but unjust as well. What would be the sense of feeding our own people on oleomargarine and shipping our own wholesome butter to some other country.

Then there is the injustice of it. For years our governments have been encouraging the farmers to go in for mixed farming, and butter making was emphasized as a profitable off shoot from it. This encouragement has borne fruit gradually until now at certain periods of the year we are exporters of dairy produce instead of importers. It would not be fair, therefore, now that farmers have made a good start in securing dairy herds, to dump oleomargarine onto the market in competition with their butter.

These oleomargarineites are barking up the wrong tree to reduce the high cost of living. If they would ask the government to do something towards regulating the price of these absolute necessities of life and bust up the combines in food stuffs, they would be doing something more to the point.

HAVE A REAL ELECTION.

Judging from the way things are going on in Edmonton there appears to be no doubt that a provincial election will be called on in the near future.

If an election should take place this coming spring or summer it is hoped it will be a real general election, such as they had in New Brunswick. Anything short of that would not be a fair voice of the people.

It appears to be the intention of the government not to hold any contest in constituencies now represented by members in khaki. There are thirteen of these members but the intention is to even it up by allowing five from each side to be returned without a contest. This will mean that the voters in ten constituencies would have no say in a general election. As all save one of the khaki members are now overseas it would also mean that their constituencies would not be represented in parliament during the war and, consequently, would have no say in the government of the province.

Far better to open up every constituency for a real general election. It could be arranged that constituencies now represented by sodier members be opened up again for a by-election on the return from the front of the present member if he should desire to contest it.

In this way all the constituencies would have continuous representation and the districts concerned would not be deprived of their franchise.

UP TO THE FARMERS.

From all corners of the Empire comes the call for increased production this year of all kinds of food stuffs which can be taken from the land. It is pointed out by British statesmen from Lloyd George down that the ultimate success of the war for Britain and her allies as much depends on the production of the maximum amount of vegetables within the Empire as upon anything else.

A special appeal is being made to Canada to do her utmost along this line, and all means are being adopted by our governments to make this possible. While this applies particularly to our farmers, town people can also assist very materially by going strong for the vacant lot gardening.

Although at present there appears to be shortage of farm help in the west this should not prevent farmers from getting in every acre they possibly can, as we have the assurance that help will be secured for harvesting.

R. B. Bennett states that the national service cards show there is a surplus rather than a deficiency of labor in Canada at the present time. He has been addressing the western legislatures which are now in session, on the farm help problem and the suggestions made leave no doubt that every effort will be put forward to satisfactorily solve this problem.

One prominent speaker says that Canada's crops may ultimately be the means of winning the war. Let us then not be found wanting when the critical time arrives.

The decision of the railway commission to hold meetings throughout Canada to investigate railway rates and, if possible, re-adjust them, certainly is a wise move. If the commission gets down to brass tacks this investigation should prove a help towards the industrial development of western Canada.

Now that the high cost of living commission has settled the point regarding the retail price of hats it would be a good idea if some thrifty housewife would get out a new recipe book, telling her sisters how to make tasty dishes out of stewed Stetsons and fricasse Panomas.

That suggestion of Councillor Lavelle's to turn the industrial sites into vegetable producing gardens is a good one. The committee appointed to look into the matter should give it their serious attention.

Wilson knew that Bern knew
that relations were dead;
He knew that Von knew the wild
life he had led;
He knew that Von knew what
was meant when he said,
"Go to Halifax."

Engineer Moses of the pumping station asked the council for a raise of salary. Its a lucky thing for Mr. Moses that he isn't doing business with the school board.

From a weather standpoint the best thing that can be said about February is that it only had 28 days.

OTHER PEOPLE'S OPINIONS.

The Review is not responsible for the opinions that are expressed by its readers in communications printed under this head.—Publisher.

SAYS IT PAYS FARMERS TO CO-OPERATE.

Editor Redcliff Review:

It was during August, 1916, when threshermen were talking about charging anything from 12 to 15 cents per bushel for wheat, that a decision was made that a few should co-operate in purchasing an outfit. In consequence eight of us living in close proximity to each other called a meeting, asking Mr. James Rae to attend to give us any particulars we required. At this meeting it was decided to purchase a 25 H. P. portible gasoline engine and a 24x42 separator.

At subsequent meeting we organized and the following prices for threshing agreed on: Wheat, 10; oats, 6c; barley, 7c; and flax 20c per bushel, any profit from these to be applied to payments of the outfit. Only the dinner to be provided; breakfast and supper to be taken at the respective homes, and all teams to be taken home each night. The limit of the haul of sheaves to be one-half mile. Six stock teams to be the compliment to be paid for at the rate of $5.00 per day. The separator man and engineer each to be paid a similar amount. Each farmer to provide his own grain teams.

The amount of grain threshed was: Wheat, 13,570 bushels; oats, 4,551 flax, 426 bushels; barley 42 bushels.

The expenses totalled $1,469.70 made up as follows:

Stock Teams	$ 838.00
Separator Man	167.00
Engineer	165.00
Total	1,170.00
Gasoline	251.55
Engine Oil	30.30
Grease and Sundries	8.85
Total	299.70

Two barrels gasoline and a considerable amount oil and grease remain unused.

These expenses, with the interest charges on the outfit, brought the actual charges on wheat to about 8½c per bushel, the others proportionately. The price of the outfit was $2,580. Of this amount $1,580 was paid, which was $197.50 per member. The profit from the threshing over and above the actual expenses was $132.00, making the payment of each member $181.00.

Of the total expenses, $1,170.00 was retained by the farmers, as all the stock teams were supplied by the farmers, and the engineer and separator supervisor were members. Only $299.70 was paid for goods supplied from outside sources.

We had no repairs, everythin working in tip top shape. So you will note, Mr. Editor, from the above that with a little co-operation, what results can be attained even under such adverse weather as we had last autumn, as each one having an interest care is exercised in not crowding the separator, with the consequent breakages, and piling of grain in the straw pile as is the result with hired help. We have been commended for our straw stacks. All have been put up in fine shape. We also purchased a canvas to cover the separator and another one to use under the feeder. This paid for itself in the first setting as all the grain was saved and kept clean. One great advantage was when it was wet the farmer did not have to feed the whole outfit of teams, and having such a wet fall we know what an experience it must have been to many farmers who had teams hanging around for a week or more, and the ruthless waste that is the curse of the hired help. Neither did we have to put everything under lock and key when the machine was on our farm. In a dry fall it would take seven or perhaps eight teams to keep the machine busy, with the consequent reduction of at least 1½c to 2c per bushel for threshing wheat. In future any member growing flax will have to pay all the expenses for threshing same. We only charged 20c this year and we know farmers who had to pay for the machine by the hour, and the price charged was 40c and 45c per bushel.

P. H. WEDDERBURN.

Review Office for Job Work.

Will Not Allow Corner on Food

In response to reports, which fill the newspapers of impending increases in the prices of most commodities mentioned in the list of restricted importations, Baron Devenport, the food contractor, issued the following official warning:

"Baron Devenport desires to repeat the warning given by Premier Lloyd George in his speech Friday that no speculative buying or cornering of food supplies with a view of raising the existing level of prices will be permitted or tolerated. Should any such attempts be made the food controler will immediately take the necessary steps to protect the interest of the consumer. Baron Devenport will confer in due course with representatives of the various trade interests affected."

According to an officer in the British naval reserve, who has arrived in New York from St. Lucia, in the West Indies, the German raider Vineta was sunk four weeks ago by the British cruiser Glagow, following the fight between the raider Vineta and the consorting steamer St. Theodore with the cruiser Ancet, off the island of Fernando de Noronha, 125 miles from the coast of Brazil.

Says Kaiser Is Drugged Madman

The German emperor is a physical wreck and is constantly under the influence of morphin and cocaine, according to Edgar M. Moore, a real estate dealer of Lafayette, Ind., who has returned from Germany and is stopping in New York.

The story he tells, he obtained from Otto Helmuth, the chauffeur of William II. Said he:

"The German emperor is considered to be a madman, even in Germany. He is hopelessly addicted to the use of drugs because of chronic ailments in the throat and ear which cause constant pain. The emperor spends most of his time in the royal palace at Potsdam. He believes Germany lost the war in the battle of Jutland and his most intimate advisers believe that the country must make peace by July. The emperor's one hope is that the submarines will starve England and that peace overtures will come first from Great Britain. He does not care whether the United States enters the war, believing it immaterial."

According to advices received by the Greek authorities in London, there has been serious trouble among the 8,000 Greek troops who surrendered to the Bulgar-German forces at Kavala, and who are now interned at Goeritz.

Garage and Repair Shop

I have opened up for business in this line in the old City Garage, Third street, just north of the Redcliff Hotel and am prepared to attend to all class of work in this line. Agents for

Fords And McLaughlin-Buick

Call and see us if you want to buy a car or have one to s ll.

The White Star Line

In the name of our passenger service between here and Medicine Hat. Cars run regularly.

THE CITY GARAGE

Phone 93 House 91 W. H. FREED, Prop.

DRAYING AND TEAMING

Of all kinds promptly attended to. Baggage transfer in connection. See us about your cesspool work. First class stabling accommodations.

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PRICES REASONABLE

AMUSEU THEATRE

Open

Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays

Next Monday

We start a New Service

The Paramount Pictures

By Famous Players

These are the Best Filme on the road. Monday we show

"THE UNKNOWN"

AMUSEU THEATRE CO.

SUITS To Measure

$18.00 and up

A Full lines of Imported Good to choose from

FIT and STYLE GUARANTEED

Suits Pressed - - - 50c

Suits Cleaned and Pressed $1.00

Hats Cleaned and Blocked 75c up

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All Work Promptly Attended to

A Full line of the Latest Styles

For Both Ladies and Gentlemen

J. W. JARDINE

Broadway

TO INVESTORS

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF $500, OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short dated security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA
OCTOBER 7th, 1916.

PROMPTNESS OFTEN OVERCOMES ABILITY

Not Even Cleverest Can Afford to be Careless Over Punctuality in All Relations

A writer says: Promptness is a component part to so [illegible] that it is perhaps wiser to [illegible] tice. For instance, promptness [illegible] tablishes children at school. Prompt[illegible]ness is essential in the management of a household; if the mistress is indolent and careless, the servants are overkeen to take advantage of every opportunity; the children grow lax and indifferent; and even the husband becomes demoralized. Promptness in the business man is but the outward expression and evidence of an inward consciousness of his appreciation of life's responsibilities, and by it he becomes a marked man; whereas through its absence he may become proportionately insignificant.

Sign of Gentleman

One may go even farther, and say that a man cannot be either a gentleman or a Christian if he does not feel a moral obligation of promptness and fairness toward his fellow man; he may have the outward semblance of a gentleman but fundamentally he is lacking, and a sort of moral thief, who encroaches and imposes upon the time of others, and also from matter-of-fact, practical, every-day standpoints, the important business man who has the advantage of official knowledge and well-founded theories and resources, could never have attained his coveted position had he not with each succeeding past experience been a prompt eye witness of every phase of his particular line of work.

Talent Beats Genius

One so frequently sees inherited greatness eclipsed by persistent and systematic personal effort that in this age, when individual merit is so universally recognized, it is decidedly necessary for all to become promptly active and look to their laurels. The fortune of birth and inheritance is almost of incalculable value if not over-estimated, for such gifts often enable one to gain without unnecessary strength certain education, but if overprivaled it produces false standards and encourages indolence, at which time the self-made man's success, through constant, becomes enviably conspicuous, and which success is largely the outcome of a prompt and systematic observance of every detail of his work.

TO A PINE FOREST

Beautiful indeed is the pine forest in all seasons: in the freshness of spring, when the sparled boughs are penetrated and mollified by the soft wind and the warm sun, and, thrilled with new life, burst out into fringes and tassels of the richest green, and cones of the tenderest purple; beautiful in the sultry summer, when among its cool, dim shadowe the cheated hours all day sing vespers, while the open landscape is palpitating in the scorching heat; beautiful in the sadness of autumn, when its unfading verdure stands out in striking relief amid changing scenes, that have no sympathy with anything earthly save sorrow and decay, and directs the thoughts to the imperishableness of the heavenly Paradise; beautiful exceedingly in the depth of winter, when the tiers of branches are covered with pure, unsullied wreaths of snow, sculptured by the winds into curve of exquisite grace.

It is beautiful in calm, when the tree tops scarcely whisper to each other, and the twitter of the golden wren sounds loud in the expectant hush; it is more than beautiful in storm, when the wild fingers of the wind play the most mournful music on its great harp-strings, and its full diapason is sublime as the roar of the ocean on a rock bound shore.—(From "Teachings in Nature," by Rev. Hugh MacMillan.)

HOUSING THE BIRDS

Competitions Among Boys Interest Them in Bird Protection

As the result of a bird home contest inaugurated in Manitoba, fully 2,000 bird houses were made by the boys attending manual training classes in Winnipeg. An exhibition was held and prizes awarded before the houses were placed in the trees throughout the city. By those familiar with the strong attraction of such homes for wild birds, the great value of this unique contest will be fully appreciated. In addition to testing the mechanical skill of the boys, it directs their energies to a splendid practical purpose, at the same time inevitably impressing upon them the importance of protecting and fostering bird life. A competition of a similar nature is conducted at Brockville, Ont., having been inaugurated, following an address on the subject, by Dr. Gordon Hewitt, Dominion entomologist.

Regrinding Motor Valves

While regrinding valves for automobiles it is advisable to use a light spring under the valve head to raise the valve from the seat; the valve should be worked up and down in order to work the abrasive material on to the seat. In grinding the valve should be rotated with a reciprocating motion, not turned continually in one direction, otherwise ridges will be formed.

Leghorn chicks in particular are apt to get into the vice of picking each other's toes. It is a bad practice. Coating the toes of those that are attacked with vaseline often checks the habit, as the youngsters do not like the taste of it.

Driven by an electric battery, an absolutely silent clock has been invented. A drop of mercury moving from end to end in a vacuum tube to make contacts replacing the usual ticking escapement.

The hen that produces 120 eggs a year will pay her way and should be entertained royally on the farm.

ADVICE ABOUT SEWING

Snaps in several sizes come by the yard on black and white tape, and some of them are so small that they may be used invisibly on a flat seam. Have a band of them sewed on the inside of a skirt belt and a strip with balls to correspond on a shirtwaist, and you will never be ashamed to turn your back to anyone. For placets there is nothing better than clasps by the yard. Bias lawn comes by the piece and has numerous helpful uses. Broad bailing for the raised skirt still worn is convenient for the home-sewer and gives the frock a professional look. The bailing should be tuted and the skirt is attached and the top and pinked finished before the bottom is turned. In turning the bottom to make it even nothing is better than a skirt gauge, which comes on a little stand, with a device for holding the marking chalk; its small cost makes it within the reach of all. In making the knickerbockers and blouses sew a small hook and eye to the elastics used; they may then be slipped in and out when laundered, and they will not need constant renewal.

DESSERTS AND CREAM

Many Dishes Improved by Addition of Ice Cream

Baked apples change from being an everyday good breakfast dish to a delicious dinner dessert when touched up with a tablespoonful of vanilla ice cream atop each apple. Sponge cake is as good as pudding when served sandwich fashion with a layer of chocolate ice cream. Berries of all sorts are much more tempting when served with a sherbet made from their own juice. Cut up peaches are made delicious by a little vanilla or peach ice cream. Coffee jelly may be served to advantage with the addition of a tablespoonful of coffee ice cream. Even prunes, usually served only at breakfast, take on new possibilities when they are stoned and served with a garnishing of lemon juice.

On a good many desserts where usually whipped cream is served a touch of vanilla ice cream is much more attractive. Yet summer and it can be made quickly and easily when cream heavy enough to whip cannot be obtained. For vanilla ice cream may be made without any cream whatever if an egg, well beaten, is added to the milk.

Blueberry Cake

Take a cupful of sugar, add a beaten egg and a cupful of milk, a heaping tablespoonful of shortening, two cupfuls of flour sifted with one teaspoonful of soda, and a teaspoonful of cream of tartar. Sprinkle a little flour on a cupful of berries and add them to the dough, but do not stir much after adding the fruit, for the berries will be broken. Bake in a shallow pan, cut the cake in squares, and eat hot with butter. If any is left it may be served as a pudding with this sauce: into a double boiler put a tablespoonful of flour and two-thirds of a cupful of sugar. Stir all together, and when the mixture is smooth and entirely free from lumps, add a cupful of boiling water, stirring until smooth and thick. Flavor to taste.

Be Ready For Picnics

What a pleasure it will be to be ready to join in the picnic spirit the next time the business members of your family express the desire to have dinner in the woods. It's just the simplest thing ever, too. Like all valuable accomplishments, however, it requires thought beforehand. The woman who has a well emergency shelf will always be ready to put up a luncheon that will delight both young and old. Summer ideas to be added to the shelf are, pasteboard plates and spoons, as well as paper napkins, tablecloth and cups. Waxed paper is also a necessary addition.

Meat Rolls

Make fine crust as follows:—To one cup of flour add a little salt and two tablespoons of pure leaf lard. Cut shortening into flour with knife then rub in lightly with finger tips. Toss pastry out on floured board, and roll thin. Cut in three-inch squares, spread with cold chopped ham seasoned with peppers and a bit of sliced onion. Moisten with a little stock or milk and roll up like a jelly roll, pressing the ends tightly together. Bake in quick oven and serve hot. Apple sauce, apple salad, baked apples or pineapple salad go well with these.

Black Over Green



Wide laces may be found on some of the most distinctive afternoon and reception gowns. Especially beautiful is black when arranged over a contrasting color; such as shown here. Black chantilly lace was draped over a foundation of two tones of green. The effect is charming.

FORESTS FOR WEST MEAN PROSPERITY

Irrigation and Industries Depend On Trees—Wood Lots Are Big to Future

The Canadian Forestry Journal says: If the prairie provinces are going to have the timber that they will require in the future for the buildings of the towns and villages and for the supplying of wood using industries, it is necessary to begin considering immediately where the supply is to come from and where it is to be located. If there is no local supply of lumber there will be nothing to regulate the cost, and almost any price may be charged by the importer. The time to make sure that the future prices and supply of lumber will be kept under control is now. A crop of trees cannot be grown in one year like a crop of wheat, and it is necessary to decide a long time ahead what particular piece of land is going to be kept for producing timber. Fortunately timber will grow where nothing else will and the decision as to the lands on which the timber crops should be grown should be easy if it is once realized that the timber crop is essential and that a fair proportion of the land must be used for that purpose.

Develop Forest Reserves

The forests of Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba gathered up in the forest Reserves under the Dominion Government amount to over 35,000,000 acres. These reserves have been racked by forest fires in the past, but are now receiving protection. Those that are denuded of trees will be reforested as soon as possible and on those covered with trees steps will be taken to introduce more valuable species where advisable. The reserves are a valuable source of supply for fuel and small timber. They must be carefully protected and developed for years to come if they are to play their logical part in the commercial future of Western Canada. Ultimately, their distribution to the public service will be supplemented by the matured woodlots of the prairie farmers, for which good fortune trees are now distributed annually by the Dominion Forestry Branch.

Trees in the Cities

The towns and cities reasonably expect to secure thriving industries utilizing local products. The spruce and poplar of the prairies are the best species for making pulp and that manufacture opens up a field for many varied products and industries. Most municipalities of the West are looking forward to the day when industries will add to their population and prosperity. But what will give support to the industries if forest products have been blotted out?

The West possesses enough water powers to over-supply a populous nation. Water power development is possible in almost all parts of the country and is the keystone in any scheme of large industrial expansion. Irrigation will bring millions of otherwise arid acres under revenue-producing crops. But what powers, whether for turbines or irrigation ditches, are not self-contained. They measure their value by their uniformity of flow. That uniformity is largely a question of abundant forest growth on the watershed of the streams. A stream without heavy forest growth to act as a natural storage reservoir is not dependable and loses a big part ofits commercial value. The forest growth of the future is not only a source of rich raw materials for immediate and future use, but represents the commercial availability of the water powers and irrigation projects.

Regulations Self-made

"When I marry it will be for love only."

"Is that so?"

"Positively."

"And if some poor man proposes to you?"

"But he won't. I shall take good care not to fall in love with any man who isn't able to provide me with what luxuries I require."

An Eye-opener

A man went to a judge and asked whether he could bring suit for slander against a man who had called him a rhinoceros.

"Why, certainly," said the judge. "When did he call you that?"

"About three years ago."

"Three years ago! And you only start suit to-day?"

"But, your honor, yesterday I saw a rhinoceros for the first time."

Repairing Broken Space

A garden spade, or fork, broken at the handle may be repaired by joining the broken ends with a piece of old iron water pipe. The broken ends should be trimmed carefully and driven into the piece of pipe. In order to make a more secure joint, holes may be bored and countersunk at each end of the pipe and screws fixed into them.

The White Muscovy is a good market duck. They can be bred without bathing water. But where they have a little water to bathe in they take more exercise and consequently do not so readily become overfat. This is equally true of all varieties of ducks.

Government to Close Liquor Vending Stores

The government is considering doing away with the liquor vending stores at Edmonton and Calgary. Those establishments are not compulsory, the liquor act reading that the government "may" establish them. It has been found that they have not been paying propositions, and consequently they may be wiped out. The government has not been able to compete with the wholesale druggists in the sale of alcohol, the largest branch of the business.

It is thought that eventually Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta may establish legislation a somewhat similar establishment to a great central warehouse, perhaps in Saskatchewan, and from there distribute liquor to those who use it legally. By doing so they could retail alcohol at prices as low as those of the wholesale druggists.

Netherlands May Break With Germany

The tremendous destruction of Dutch shipping during the last two days is regarded in Washington as the most acute phase of the international situation. It is regarded even as bringing nearer the probability of a break in diplomatic relations between the Netherlands and Germany. So far Holland has only made protests against the destruction of her neutral ships by German submarines, but startling operations reported are expected to arouse a wave of popular indignation in the Netherlands which the government may find difficulty to withstand, even should it desire to do so. Officials and diplomats will be surprised if the government does not take some action.

The Providence Journal said last Saturday: "High officials of the United States government are in possession of facts secured from intercepted letters, and at least in one case from a partial confession, to the effect that the plot now being investigated by the federal grand jury in New York concerning the activities of several alleged newspaper correspondents compassed the assassination of President Wilson.

TAILORING & REPAIRING

Before ordering your spring or summer suit call and see my samples. They show all the latest patterns.

Fit & Finish Guaranteed

Pressing and Repairing Promptly Attender to.

JOS. REISER
FIRST STREET.

GAS and WATER FITTING

Alex Maskell begs to announce that he has taken up the old stand lately occupied by Armstrong & Lynch, opposite the Redcliff Garage and north of the Review office, and solicits your patronage in these lines.

Repairs a Specialty

PRICES REASONABLE.

Insurance
Fire, Hail, Liability, Life

Houses
For sale or rent, one fully modern, 6 rooms

Farm Lands For Sale
List Your Lands With us

THE STONER AGENCIES, REDCLIFF THIRD ST., N. E.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Dr. E. W. BROWN
Physician and Surgeon
REDCLIFF, - - ALBERTA
PHONE 22

DENTISTRY
Dr. J. Cleary Wray
Will be in his office every day until further notice. Office Sykes block, Third street.
Hours 9 to 5.

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Medicine Hat and Redcliff
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REDCLIFF, Alberta.
Phone 79.

AUDITORS.
Henderson & Reid, chartered accountants, Winnipeg, Medicine Hat, Lethbridge. Auditors, Town of Cliff. Audit, Investigations, Systematising, Costing, Assignments, and Liquidations. Suite 207 Hooper-Huckvale building, Medicine Hat. Phone 3731, P. O. Box 473. R. J. Ritchie Patterson, C. A., manager.

Atlas Lumber Company, Ltd.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Lumber, Lath, Lime, Shingles, Plaster Mouldings
F. W. SUTHERLAND, Manager.

Subscribe for Redcliff Review, only $1.50 per year.

Redcliff Hotel Lunch Room
Is Now Open for Business Every Morning
At 5 O'clock
For early breakfast. It will also be kept open at night from 7.30 to 12 o'clock.
EVERYTHING NEW
And Up-to-the-Minute
Good Service. Give Us a Trial.
REDCLIFF HOTEL
D. BROADFOOT, Prop.

QUARRY LODGE No 70
A. F. & A. M.
Regular Communication First Tuesday of Each Month.
Visiting Brethern Welcome.
N. H. HATCHER, Secretary. B. J. BOTT, Master.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEFIT SOCIETY, LODGE ROSEMERE No. 16.
Meets on second Tuesday in Crowe's Hall.
H. C. B. GIBSON, President.
F. H. COURTNELL, Secretary
P. O. Box 124

I. O. O. F.
REDCLIFF, LODGE, NO. 90.
Meets in Reid's Hall every Wednesday evening at 7.30.*
Visiting Brethern Welcome.
H. JOHNSON, N. G.
R. TOWLE, Rec. Sec.



F. BAIRD, Local Sec.

About Your Subscription

There are still a few who have overlooked this little matter. A glance at your label will tell you how you stand, You know the rest. Tell your friends they can have the Review sent to their address regularly for four months for 50c.

Calling Cards

How is your stock in this line? We print them here and can guarantee satisfaction.

Job Printing

of all kinds done on the shortest notice. How is your supply of Letter Heads and Envelopes? We sell them at reasonable prices.

For anything in this line call at the

Review Office

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

See Gibson & Tupper's new colonial mats for bath and bedroom.

* * *

If this weather continues it should not be long till the bananna trees are in full bloom.

* * *

Despite adverse conditions there were nearly one million acres of land in Alberta settled on in 1916.

* * *

Wmilliam Henderson, Esq., attended the meeting of Presbytery at Medicine Hat on Tuesday.

* * *

R. B. Bennett told the returned soldiers of Winnipeg that the militia act would be enforced in the spring.

* * *

Talk about Mary's little lamb, but it isn't in it with the nice mild little March lamb that was ushered in today.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. M. Butts, who have been spending the winter in Ohio, are expected to return to Redcliff tomorrow.

* * *

It will pay you to lay in a stock of boots for the whole family at the prices we are now selling them at Fairbairn's big clearing sale. **

* * *

Inspector Piper, who is to take charge of the provincial mounted police for this district, has opened up quarters in Medicine Hat, where he will be located.

* * *

The ladies of the Baptist church will give an afternoon tea at the Home Cooking Store on Tuesday, March 13th. Tea will be served from three till five-thirty. Everybody invited.

* * *

The utilities commission of Manitoba is considering the advisability of asking that an embargo be placed on potatoes. It is estimated that an embargo would reduce the price to the consumer from 50c to 75c a bushel.

* * *

The attorney-general's department has issued a pamphlet showing the number of crimes and convictions since prohibition went into effect as compared with the number before July last. The report shows a decrease of from 60 to 91 per cent.

* * *

A social and concert is to be given by the Union Bible Class next Tuesday evening, March 6th. All members, old or new, are cordially invited. Concert commences at 8 o'clock sharp. Come and bring a friend and a cake.

* * *

There will be a special meeting of the executive of the Red Cross society held next Tuesday afternoon. As some matters of importance will be brought up for discussion it is requested that there be a full attendance.

* * *

C. V. Gibson and his two daughters, who have visiting relatives and friends in Missouri and Oklahoma for the past two months, are expected to return home tomorrow. They are spending a few days in Moose Jaw before returning.

* * *

Relief from attendance at school during seeding and harvest without loss of status in ther grade examination was provided for the older pupils at the public schools in Manitoba by the advisory board to the department of education.

* * *

Commencing next Monday the Amuseu theatre will run the famous "Paramount Pictures" in future. These are among the best films on the road at the present time, showing all the most noted actors and actresses.

* * *

Beginning Saturday we will show you our new line of poplins, ginghams, prints, muslins and cottons. Gibson & Tupper. **

* * *

Don't forget the clearing out sale of boots and shoes is still going on at Fairbairn's Shoe store. ***

* * *

G. W. Fitzhenry, a prosperous farmer of North Dakota, was in town for a few days this week. While here he made arrangements to rent a Landis' farm just west of town, and will move his family up here at once.

* * *

Mrs. Wilde has received word from a British officer in France stating that her son Lilton had been awarded a military medal for specially good work under trying circumstances. He also won a stripe and is now a N. C. O. Lilton is only 20 years of age. He is well known around here and at Bowell.

* * *

J. C. Reid and Tom Clare are giving a dance in Reid's hall tomorrow (Friday) night. It is their intention to give all the proceeds over and above expenses to the Red Cross. O'Fallon's orchestra has been engaged for the occasion and refreshments will be provided.

* * *

Gentlemen, our spring and summer samples of Peck's made-to-measure garments are ready for your inspection. Don't be too long ordering that new suit or overcoat for Easter. Gibson & Tupper. **

* * *

While employed at his work at the Brick & Coal plant, J. E. Bergeron met with a very painful accident. He was working at part of the brick machinery when he caught his finger, lacerating it so badly that it was necessary to amputate it at the first joint. Although still very painful the wound is rogressing favorably.

* * *

A large crowd attended the dance given in Reid's hall last Friday evening by the Flint Glass blowers, and a most enjoyable evening was spent. The profits from the dance were to be handed over to the Red Cross Society, but as those instrumental in getting it up went to considerable expense, the society's share will be in the neighbor hood of $.00

* * *

W. J. Fairbairn has received word from his son, Lloyd B., of the Merchants bank staff, Napinka, Man., stating that he was leaving at once for Winnipeg to enlist with a Strathcona Horse for overseas service. Lloyd has tried twice before to enlist but was rejected. If he should be unsuccessful on this occasion he intends to try to get on the medical corps.

* * *

Ladies, watch for Gibson & Tupper's millinery advertisement at a later date. ***

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

Friday—Holy communion 7.30 a. m. Evensong and intercession 7.30 p. m. Choir practice at 8.

Sunday—Second Sunday in Lent. Holy communion at 11. Sunday school 2.30. Evenson 7.30, when the preacher will be Rev. A. M. Harding of Holy Trinity, Medicine Hat;

Monday—Jr. W. A.

Wednesday—Children's service 4.15. Special Lent service and address 7.30.

Thursday—W. A.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

Reid's Hall.

Pastor, Rev. F. T. White.

Morning service, 11 o'clock; subject, of sermon, "Good Cheer for the Little Flock."

Evening service, 7.30 p. m., subject, "A Model Preacher and a Model Audience."

Sunday school at 12 noon.

Children's service at 3.30 p. m.

Tuesday—Young People's meeting; topic, "Service."

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

"God's Building in Human Character" will be the subject of discourse at 11 forenoon. The evening sermon at 7.30 will be on "The Martyrs, Their Cause and Sufferings."

Sabbath school at 2.15.

Prayer service on Wednesday evening at 8.

Ladies' Aid on Thursday at 3 in the afternoon.

UNION BIBLE CLASS.

The class meets on Sabbath at 3.30 in the afternoon in the Presbyterian church. Topic: "Jesus and the Woman of Samaria," John 4:1-29.

Pensions To Start As Soon As Discharged

A conference has been held for the discussion of problems touching the hospital treatment, discharge and pensions of members of the Canadian expeditionary force.

The conference decided that hereafter no invalided soldier will be discharged from the Canadian expeditionary force until a medical board has certified that further treatment or hospital care will not improve his condition, or that it is advisable that he should pass under his own control. When discharge has been recommended on account of physical unfitness, discharge will not be carried out until a notification has been received from the pension commissioners that the amount of pension has been determined.

Jellicoe Receives Dominion Ministers

Sir Robert Borden and his colleagues were received by Sir John Jellicoe, first sea lord of the admiralty, for mutual consultation on sea matters urgently effecting Canada, especially on the submarine menace and the safe conduct of Canadian munitions and foodstuffs.

Those best qualified to judge express confidence in the admiralty measures though their complete success must necessarily be a matter of time. Drastic restrictions on imports meanwhile remain imperative.

The British ministers have expressed to Sir Robert Borden their cordial appreciation of the manner in which Canada has accepted what must prove an irksome restraint of Canadian export trade.

Sir Robert has been assured that an effort will be made to temper the prohibitions by license where possible, so as to avoid unnecessary hardships.

The British ministers also desire to recognize in this, as well as in war measures, the fact that Canada is now the foremost overseas member of the Empire household and entitled to the fullest possible measure of consideration.

Twenty persons, 19 passengers and a negro porter, were killed in a rear-end collision between an express train and a freight on the Pensylvania railroad at Mount Union station, 34 miles east of Altoona, last Tuesday. The accident occurred shortly after midnight, and the bodies were so badly mangled that six hours later only 11 had been identified.

* * *

An extra of the Canada Gazette, issued Saturday, contains the formal order-in-council prohibiting women and children going to England.

I. O. O. F.

Whist Drive And Dance

IN REID'S HALL

Friday Evening, March 9th

All Proceeds For Red Cross

Good Prizes For Whist Drive

HICKS TRADING CO., Third St.



GENTS' FURNISHINGS

Men's Suits A splendid range has just come in, fresh as the flowers in May. Brown and Gray Worsted. Sizes 36 to 42 At $18.00, $20.00 and $25.00

Men's Hats New Styles, New Shapes at $2.50 and $5.00

Fine Shoes The Latest out, Neoline Sole, Slater Brand, At $6.00 & $7.50

Work Shoes to Stand Hard Work $3.50, $4.50 & $6.50

Boys' Shoes The Big Seller, Wide Last, Natural Position for The Foot.

Uederwear Light Wool, Natural Color, Stanfield's Combinations none better $2.50 & $3.00

Clearing Shoe Sale Still In Full Swing

This Stock Must Be Sold Regardless of Prices

SHOES For Men, Women And Children, at Less Than Wholesale Prices.

It will pay you to stock up NOW

W. J. FAIRBAIRN

Store Open Evenings Broadway

Quality, Service and Price AT KEATS' STORE

Burns White Carnation Lard, per lb.	20c
Alberta Dairy Butter, 40c, 2 lbs. for	70c
Shamrock Creamery Butter, 50c, 2 lbs. for	95c
Crisco, 1¼ lbs., 35c; 3 lbs., 70c; 6 lbs.	$1.40
Blue Ribbon Tea, 2¼ lbs.	90
Red Rose Tea, per lb., 40c, 50c, 60c.	
Birds Egg Powder, per tin	20c
Wethey Mince Meat, per package	15c
Roman Meal, per package	25c
Quick Tapocia Pdding, per package	10c
Electric Soap Chips	25c
Gold Soap, 5c; Sunlight Soap 5c; Lifebouy Soap	5
Felsnaptha, 3 bars, 25c; Royal Crown, 6 for	25c
Sani Flush, per tin	25c

SEEDS

For the garden just arrived. Now is the time to make your selections. Renny's, Ferry's, McKenzie's and Steel Brigg's to choose from

SUGAR SACKS AND FLOUR SACKS FOR SALE

THE PIONEER GROCER

PHONE 41. THIRD STREET.

Stoves, Heaters,

Washers' Wringers,

Ranges, Sewing Machines

Household Goods of all kinds

AT FRED ODLIN'S

Furniture Store, Broadway

P. O. Box 274 Phone 74



MAC'S

Pool Room And Bowling Alley

Under Fairbairn's Store, Broadway

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Which runs between Redcliff and Medicine Hat on the regular time schedule. Leaves Redcliff at 9 o'clock every morning except Sunday, and runs every two hours.

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J. C. REID, Manager

Residence Phone 21. Garrage Phone 31.

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Korn Flakes, 3	.25
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Orange Peel	.25
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Tar Soap - 3 For 19c

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RUBBER BOOTS For Men, Women and Children

MEN'S SPRING SHOES

Strictly Up-to-date, Long Last Low Heel

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